

Games Seminar: Pushdown Parity Games

Mathieu Lehaut

22/02/2022

Plan for this talk

- Why Pushdown Games?

Plan for this talk

- Why Pushdown Games?
- What Pushdown Games?

Plan for this talk

- **Why** Pushdown Games?
- **What** Pushdown Games?
- **How** Pushdown Games?

Types of games seen so far

- Several different winning conditions ...

Types of games seen so far

- Several different winning conditions ...
- ... but always *finite* arenas

Types of games seen so far

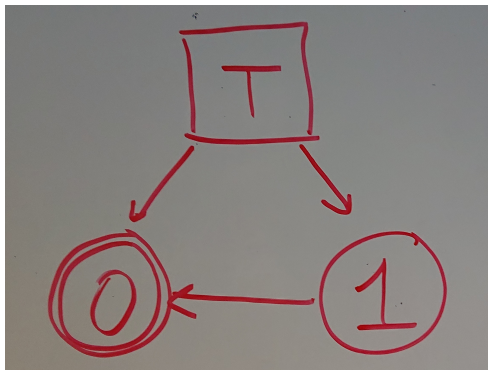
- Several different winning conditions ...
- ... but always *finite* arenas

▶ Infinite games?

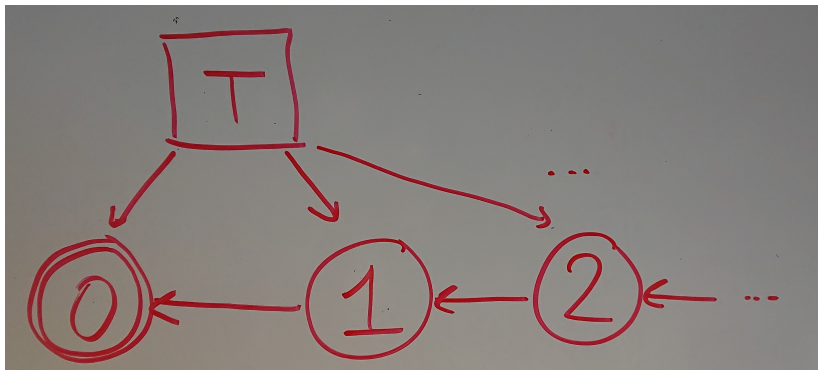
Motivation(s)

Synthesis for systems over \mathbb{N} or \mathbb{R} , ...

Differences between finite/infinite games



Differences between finite/infinite games



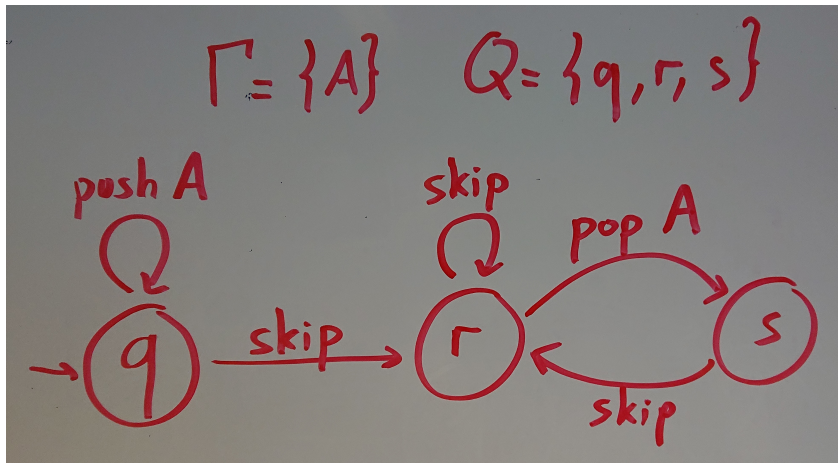
Infinite games as inputs

- Need to give games as inputs for decision problems
- But cannot give them as infinite set of nodes/edges

Infinite games as inputs

- Need to give games as inputs for decision problems
- But cannot give them as infinite set of nodes/edges
 - ▶ Need finite representation!

Pushdown Processes



Pushdown Processes

Pushdown Processes

$$\mathcal{P} = (\Gamma, Q, q_0, \delta : Q \times \Gamma \rightarrow Q \times \text{Op})$$

with $\text{op} \in \text{Op}$ of the form push A or pop A for $A \in \Gamma$.

Pushdown Processes

Pushdown Processes

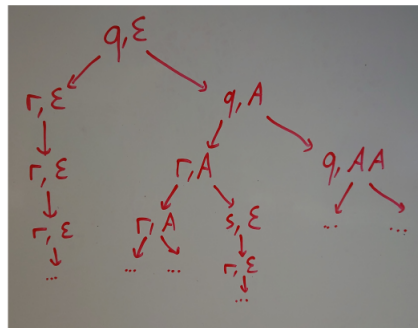
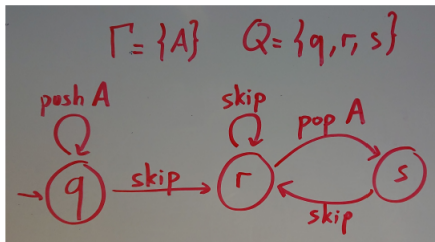
$\mathcal{P} = (\Gamma, Q, q_0, \delta : Q \times \Gamma \rightarrow Q \times \text{Op})$

with $\text{op} \in \text{Op}$ of the form push A or pop A for $A \in \Gamma$.

Configurations

Configuration of \mathcal{P} : $(q, \gamma) \in Q \times \Gamma^*$

Configuration tree



Pushdown Parity Games (PPG)

Game over tree of configurations

- $Q = Q_0 \uplus Q_1$ partition of states

Pushdown Parity Games (PPG)

Game over tree of configurations

- $Q = Q_0 \uplus Q_1$ partition of states
- $\Omega : Q \rightarrow \{1, \dots, n\}$ parity objective

Pushdown Parity Games (PPG)

Game over tree of configurations

- $Q = Q_0 \uplus Q_1$ partition of states
- $\Omega : Q \rightarrow \{1, \dots, n\}$ parity objective

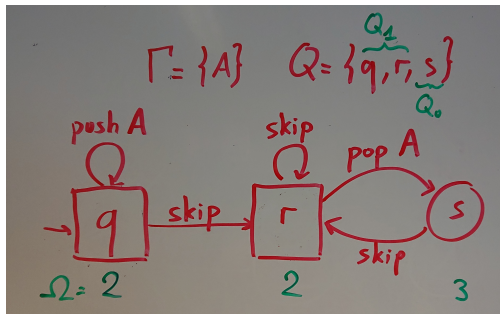
Configuration (q, γ) has same owner and parity as q .

Pushdown Parity Games (PPG)

Game over tree of configurations

- $Q = Q_0 \uplus Q_1$ partition of states
- $\Omega : Q \rightarrow \{1, \dots, n\}$ parity objective

Configuration (q, γ) has same owner and parity as q .



Reduction to finite parity game [I. Walukiewicz, CAV 96]

Goal

Reduce configuration $(q, \gamma A)$ into (q, A) + some information

Reduction to finite parity game [I. Walukiewicz, CAV 96]

Goal

Reduce configuration $(q, \gamma A)$ into (q, A) + some information

Observations

Assume current configuration is (q, γ) and $q \xrightarrow{\text{push } A} q'$ happens.

Reduction to finite parity game [I. Walukiewicz, CAV 96]

Goal

Reduce configuration $(q, \gamma A)$ into (q, A) + some information

Observations

Assume current configuration is (q, γ) and $q \xrightarrow{\text{push } A} q'$ happens.

- 1 If A never popped $\Rightarrow \gamma$ irrelevant

Reduction to finite parity game [I. Walukiewicz, CAV 96]

Goal

Reduce configuration $(q, \gamma A)$ into (q, A) + some information

Observations

Assume current configuration is (q, γ) and $q \xrightarrow{\text{push } A} q'$ happens.

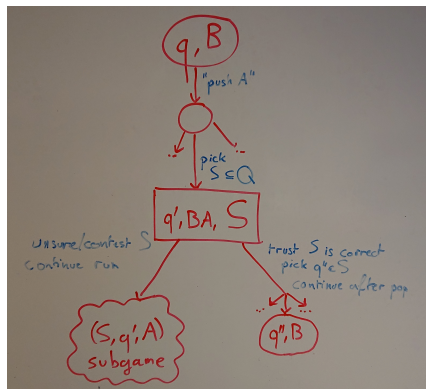
- 1 If A never popped $\Rightarrow \gamma$ irrelevant
- 2 If A popped \Rightarrow only need to know the state after the pop

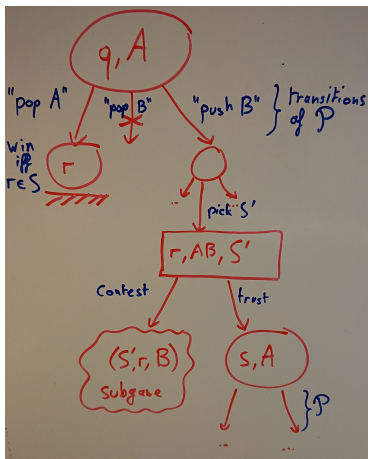
Main idea illustrated

On push, Player 0 guesses the set of possible states S following the corresponding pop

Main idea illustrated

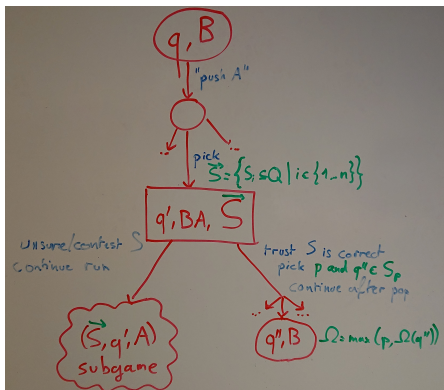
On push, Player 0 guesses the set of possible states S following the corresponding pop



(S, q, A) -subgame

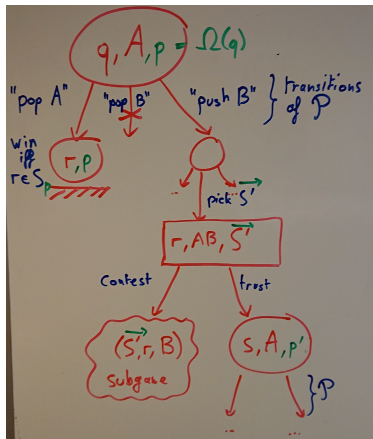
Again, with parity

On push, Player 0 guesses the sets of possible states (S_p) following the corresponding pop when p is the max priority seen inbetween



Subgame with parity

Need to keep track of max priority seen



“Sketch” of correctness

Lemma

Player 0 cannot win by guessing \vec{S} wrong

“Sketch” of correctness

Lemma

Player 0 cannot win by guessing \vec{S} wrong

Correctness

Player 0 wins in the PPG iff Player 0 wins in the finite game

What about the complexity?

Each (\vec{S}, q, A) -subgame has size exponential in the size of \mathcal{P}
(due to guessing the \vec{S}')

What about the complexity?

Each (\vec{S}, q, A) -subgame has size exponential in the size of \mathcal{P}
(due to guessing the \vec{S}')

×

There are $(n2^{|\mathcal{Q}|}) \cdot |\Gamma|$ distinct subgames

What about the complexity?

Each (\vec{S}, q, A) -subgame has size exponential in the size of \mathcal{P}
(due to guessing the \vec{S}')

×

There are $(n2^{|\mathcal{Q}|}) \cdot |\Gamma|$ distinct subgames

=

Exponential reduction!

Conclusion and extensions

Main result

A PPG can be reduced to an exponential size (finite) parity game

Conclusion and extensions

Main result

A PPG can be reduced to an exponential size (finite) parity game

Extensions

- Multi Pushdown Games: not 1 but k stacks
- Higher Order Pushdown Games: multi-dimensional stacks

Conclusion and extensions

Main result

A PPG can be reduced to an exponential size (finite) parity game

Extensions

- Multi Pushdown Games: not 1 but k stacks
- Higher Order Pushdown Games: multi-dimensional stacks

Thanks!